



QUIZ SOCIETY, SRCC

Presents



inदीव व्पांड

QUIZIGNIA'23

FINALS

Nikhil Joshi

Abhiraj Singh

1

This is a list of some people involved in a particular nationalist revolutionary action that took place in 1930.

Ganesh Ghosh, Lokenath Bal, Ambika Chakraborty, Harigopal Bal (Tegra), Ananta Singh, Anand Prasad Gupta, Tripura Sen, Bidhubhusan Bhattacharya, Pritilata Waddedar, Kalpana Dutta, Himangshu Sen, Binod Bihari Chowdhury, Subodh Roy, and Monoranjan Bhattacharya

Name their leader. What was the leader popularly known as, owing to his profession as a school teacher?

Master Da Surya Sen (Chittagong Armory Raid)



2

Netaji, after he was elected the Congress president at the Haripura session in 1938, also advocated a lingua franca for the nation needed to be developed. He advocated a mix of Hindi and Urdu as the national language.

He *also* advocated another change in the way these languages were written. He had said, “Perhaps some of our countrymen would gape with horror when they hear of the adoption of the X, but I would beg them to consider this problem from the scientific and historical point of view.” Bose said he was inspired by a trip to Turkey in 1934 where a similar change had occurred in 1928 under the leadership of Mustafa Kemal Ataturk. What change?/Give X.

Adoption of the Roman Script

ح	چ	ج	ث	ت	پ	ب	ء	ا
حاء	چیم	جیم	تیه	تیه	پیه	بیه	همزة	ألف
ha	çim	cim	se	te	pe	be	hemze	elif
h	ç	c	s	t	p	b		-
[h]	[tʃ]	[dʒ/tʃ]	[s]	[t]	[p]	[b/p]		[Ø/a/e]
ص	ش	س	ژ	ز	ر	ذ	د	خ
صاد	شین	سین	زیه	زیه	ریه	ذال	دال	خیه
sat/sad	şin	sin	je	ze	re	zal	dal	hı
s	ş	s	j	z	r	z	d	h
[s]	[ʃ]	[s]	[ʒ]	[z]	[r]	[z]	[d/t]	[h]
گ	ک	ق	ف	غ	ع	ظ	ط	ض
گاف	کاف	قاف						ضاد
gef	kef	kaf	fe	gayın	ayın	zı	tı	dat/dad
g/ġ	k/g/ġ/n	k	f	g/ġ	'	z	t	d/z
[g/k]	[k/ʒ]	[k]	[f]	[y/g/k/h]	[Ø]	[z]	[t/d]	[z/d]
		ی	ه	و	ن	م	ل	ئ
		بیه	هیه	واو	نون	میم	لام	نف/صغیر کاف
		ye	he	vav	nun	mim	lam	nef/sağır kef
		y/i/i	h/e/a	v/o/ö/u/ü	n	m	l	n
		[j/i/y/e/ej/tu]	[a/e]	[v/u/y/o/œ]	[n]	[m]	[l]	[n]

3

A seminal work, X was painted by Y in the early 1980s, suggesting a blend of his two distinctive styles of paintings, one being his gestural strokes, and the other being his Abstractionism. The format of this work and the virtual frame that encases the work reminds one of 17th-century miniature paintings, filled using a wide spectrum of warm colours.

Y became one of India's priciest modern artists at that time, when X was sold at a Christie's auction in June 2010. Name X which shares its name with a region that covers about a third of an Indian state, as well as the artist Y.



X-Saurashtra, Y-SH Raza



4

X stands at the intersection of Mathura Road and Lodhi Road in Delhi. Although its name literally means “Green Tower/Green dome”, the structure is not green at all – a blue dome crowns the tower. In fact, many locals refer to the monument as the Neeli Chhatri (“blue umbrella”).

It is known, however, that vibrant green tiles once covered its dome and drum, but a restoration carried out by the Archaeological Survey of India (ASI) in the early 20th century led the dome to take on a blue shade. It is still possible to see remnants of green tiles in the varied patterns on the drum. Name X.

Subz Burj

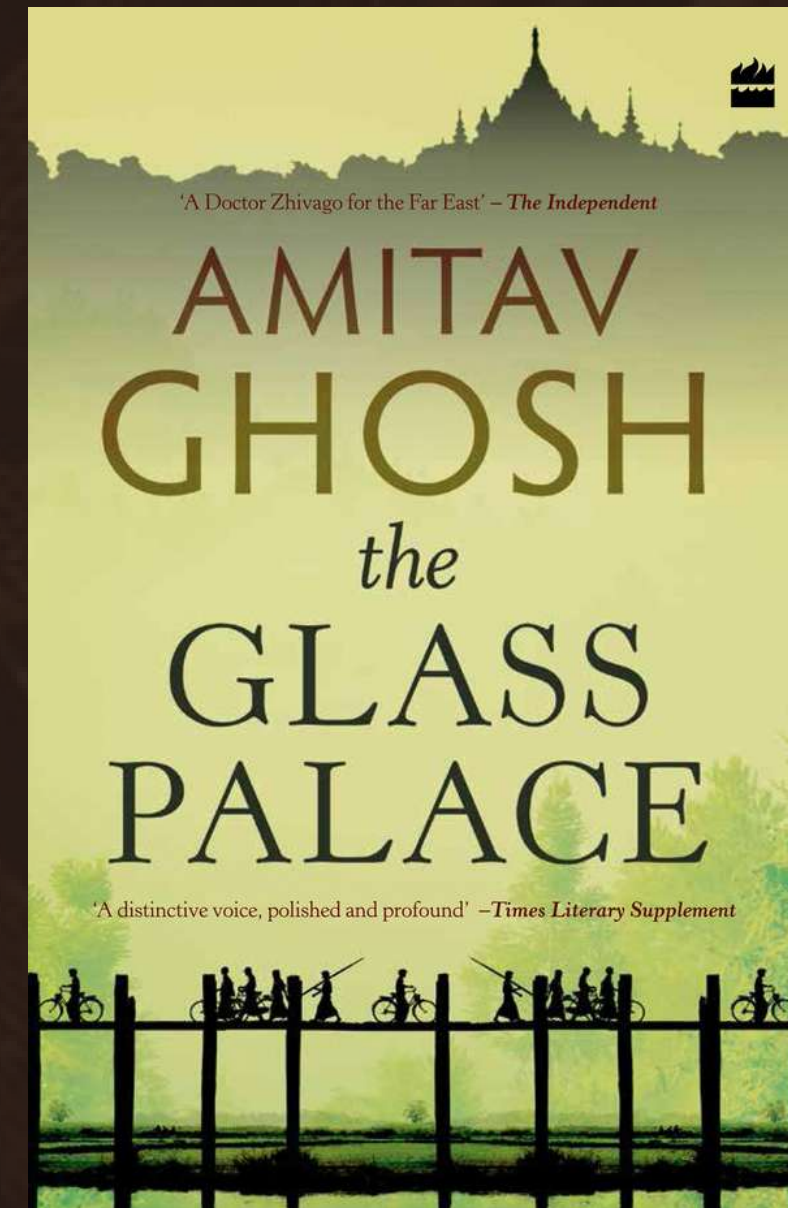


5

X is an Indian Port city, which also lends its name to the district surrounding it, and has appeared in a 2000 historic novel Y by Amitav Ghosh and was the site where the last Burmese King Thibaw Min was confined to Exile. It also served as the location for Vinayak Damodar Savarkar's imprisonment after he was transferred here from the Cellular Jail.

The district is also known for its fruit cultivation. Y's title is derived from the 'Y Chronicle', which is the only English language translation of the first portions of Hmannan Yazawin, the standard palace chronicle of the Konbaung dynasty of Burma. Name the place X and the novel Y.

X-Ratnagiri, Y-The Glass Palace



6

In September 2017, the National Gallery of Modern Art organised a retrospective of the painter Manu Parekh that looked back at 60 years of his work. He cites Paul Klee and FN Souza among his influences and incorporated a lot of folk art in his paintings.

In 2017, he broke a little away from his style and created a masterpiece comprising a series of paintings that served as the centrepiece of the NGMA exhibition. This was based on a certain European masterpiece, X. Name X and the artist who painted X. (the images of 3 paintings from the 13 painting series follow)



The Last Supper by Leonardo da Vinci



7

X is a sports venue in Delhi that has hosted 2 ODI matches, featuring India against Australia in 1984 which incidentally, marked a first in the history of ODI cricket in India, and South Africa in 1991, which marked the second time this happened. A highly unusual feature of the ground was the inclusion of the running track as part of the cricket-playing outfield area. The ICC's playing regulations eventually discontinued permission for the running track to be used in this way and thus the stadium was felt to be no longer suitable for cricket.

What was so special about the match in 1984? Also, Name X

First Day night (floodlit) ODI, X-JLN Stadium



© BCCI

8

A native of Mangalore, X was sent to Bangalore in 1946 to be trained as a Catholic priest. In 1949, he moved to Bombay, where he joined the socialist trade union movement. Becoming a union leader, X organised many strikes and bandhs in Bombay in the 1950s and 1960s while working with the Indian Railways.

X went underground during the Emergency era of 1975, while challenging Prime Minister Indira Gandhi for imposing a state of emergency, but in 1976 he was arrested and tried in the 'explosive' Y case. Among other things, X and others were also charged with waging war against the state to overthrow the government. Name X, as well as the case Y.

X-George Fernandes, Y-Baroda Dynamite Case



9

X is a region located in the central parts of the historical Punjab region split between India and Pakistan. It extends north from the right banks of the river Beas and reaches as far north as the river Jhelum. The word X means the "central area" or the "heartland".

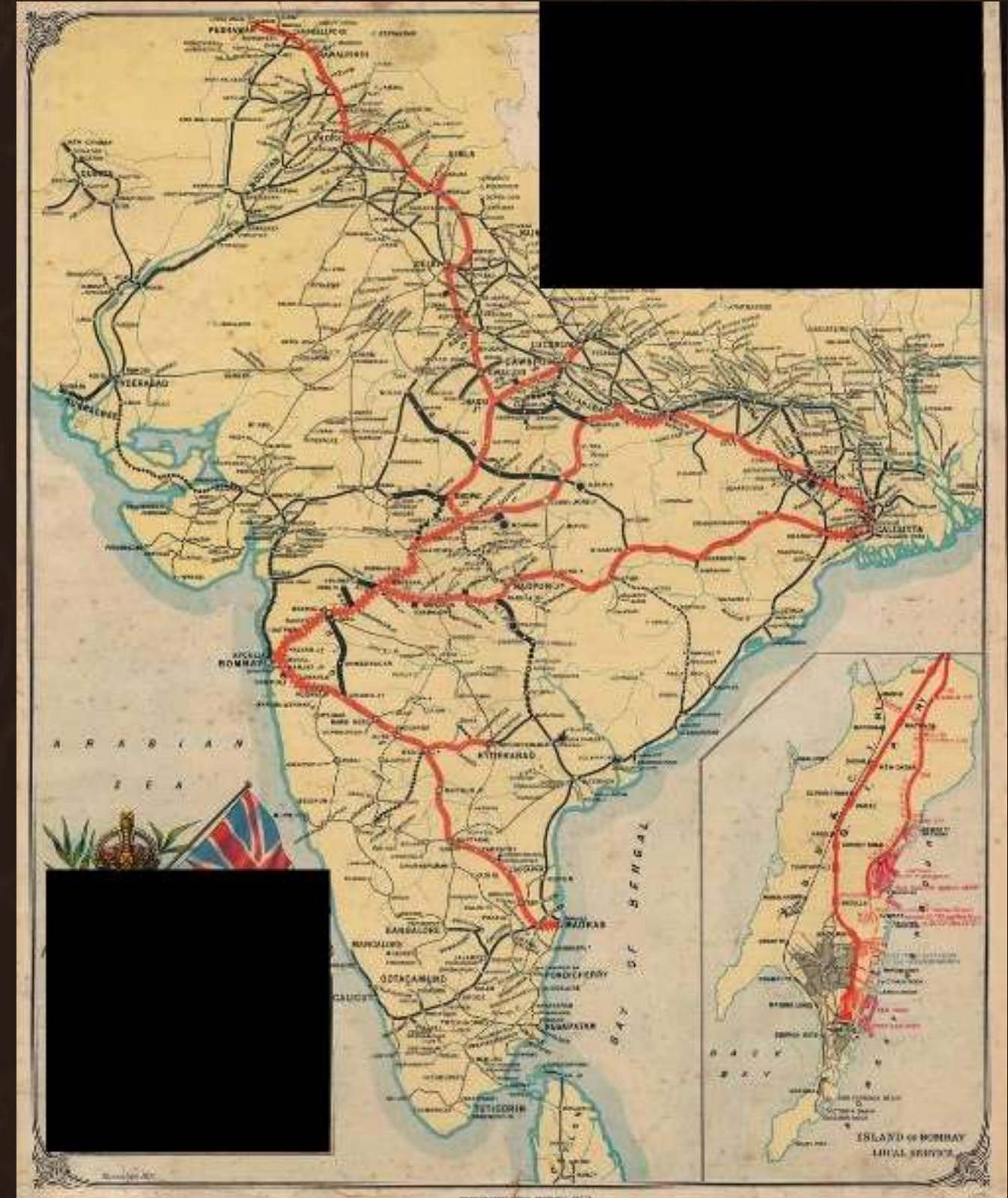
The people of the X region have been historically known for their warrior-like nature, contributing disproportionately to the Armies of both India and Pakistan. The demonym for people of this region is the title of a hit AP Dhillon song (with Gurinder Gill and Manni Sandhu). Name X or the hit by AP Dhillon.

Majha, Majhail

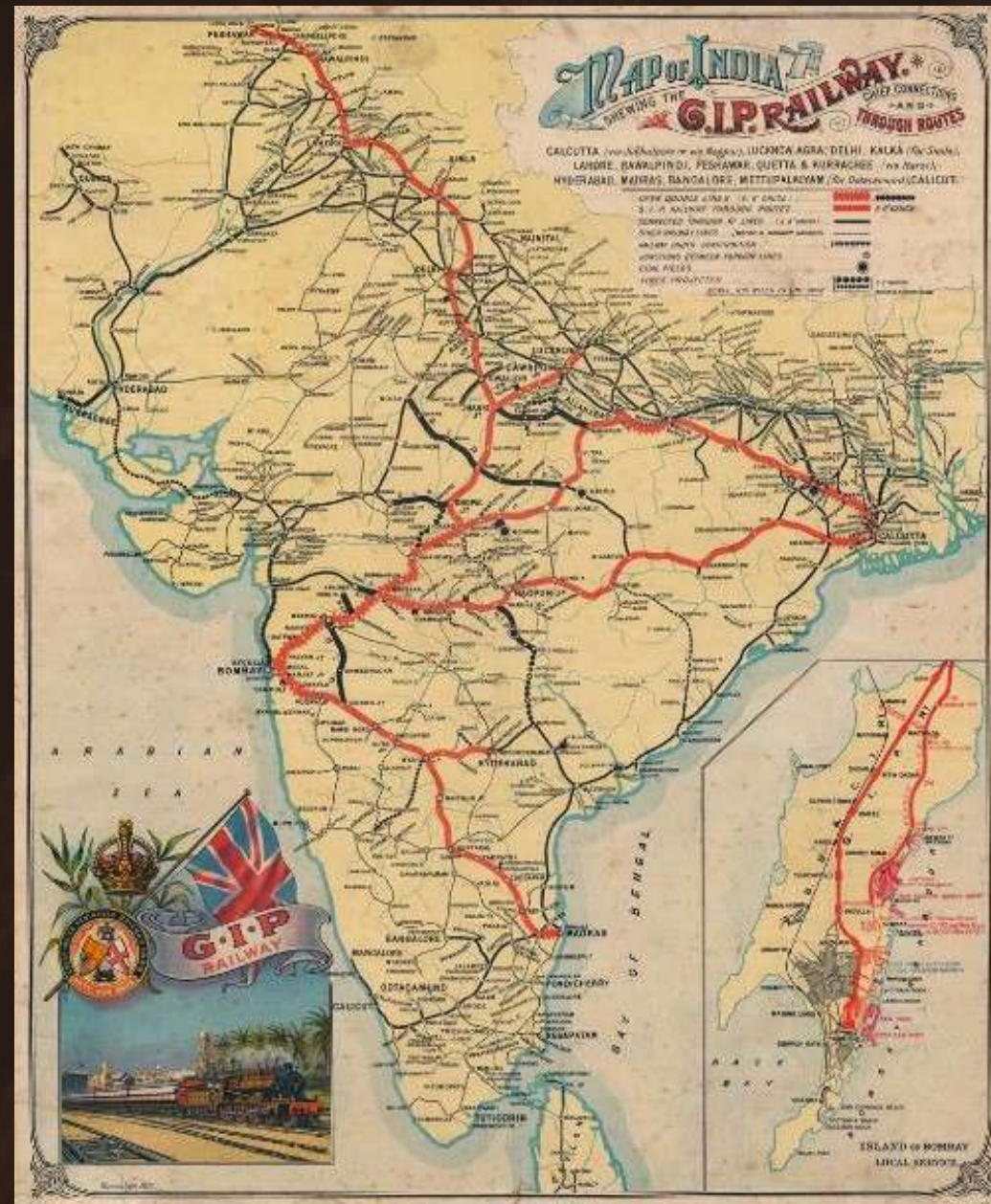


10

Map of which entity as of 1911?



Great Indian Peninsular Railway



11

Murder on the Menu: The Sensational Story of the Tycoon who Founded X, is a book by Nirupama Subramanian that provides a lucid account of how the restaurateur P Rajagopal relentlessly pursued a woman, Jeevajothi, daughter of Ramasamy, one of his former employees; got her husband Prince Santhakumar killed, and eventually met an ignominious end while he was in jail for murder.

He did this because an astrologer told him that he would become very 'wealthy' if he married Jeevajothi. Name X, a global South Indian restaurant chain.

Saravana Bhavan



12

X is a woodblock printed, painted, stained or glazed calico textile that originated in the Golconda region. X is derived from a Hindi word meaning “spotted”, ‘variegated’, ‘speckled’, or ‘sprayed’. A light base with floral and animal prints are its basic characteristics, derived from Mughal art.

Since the 19th century, the X has also been used for pottery and wallpaper with floral decorations. For a while, the import of X was banned in several parts of Europe, although it remained a favourite of the royalty and nobility. Name X.

Indice de
Métiers de



Chintz



13

These are the works of a fictional character who takes his nom de plume from the name of a fairly important character in the Ramayana:

'Sahara-ey Shiharan', 'Vancouver-er Vampire', 'Honduras-e Hahakar', 'Durdharsh Dushman', 'Himalaye Hritkampo', 'Atlantic-er Atanka', 'Anobik Danob', 'Naroker Naam Karakoram', 'Bidghute Bodmash', 'Arokto Arab'

Give the nom de plume of the fictional character, as well as the name of the Indian director, author, essayist, lyricist, magazine editor, illustrator, calligrapher, and music composer who created this fictional character.

Jatayu, Satyajit Ray



14

Meerut Xs are GI Tagged products that are made entirely of recycled or 'upcycled' material. The main ingredient for them is sourced from metal scrap from junk buses, cars, trucks and railways. The process is entirely manual, with some help from basic cutting, grinding, drilling and polishing machines.

Although there are over 14 stages in the cycle, it is done by the extended network of households sharing familial ties for generations. The manufacturing process involves the entire household – while men make the Xs, women add their share of effort by performing tasks that require handwork, including fine carving and packaging. Identify X

Scissors



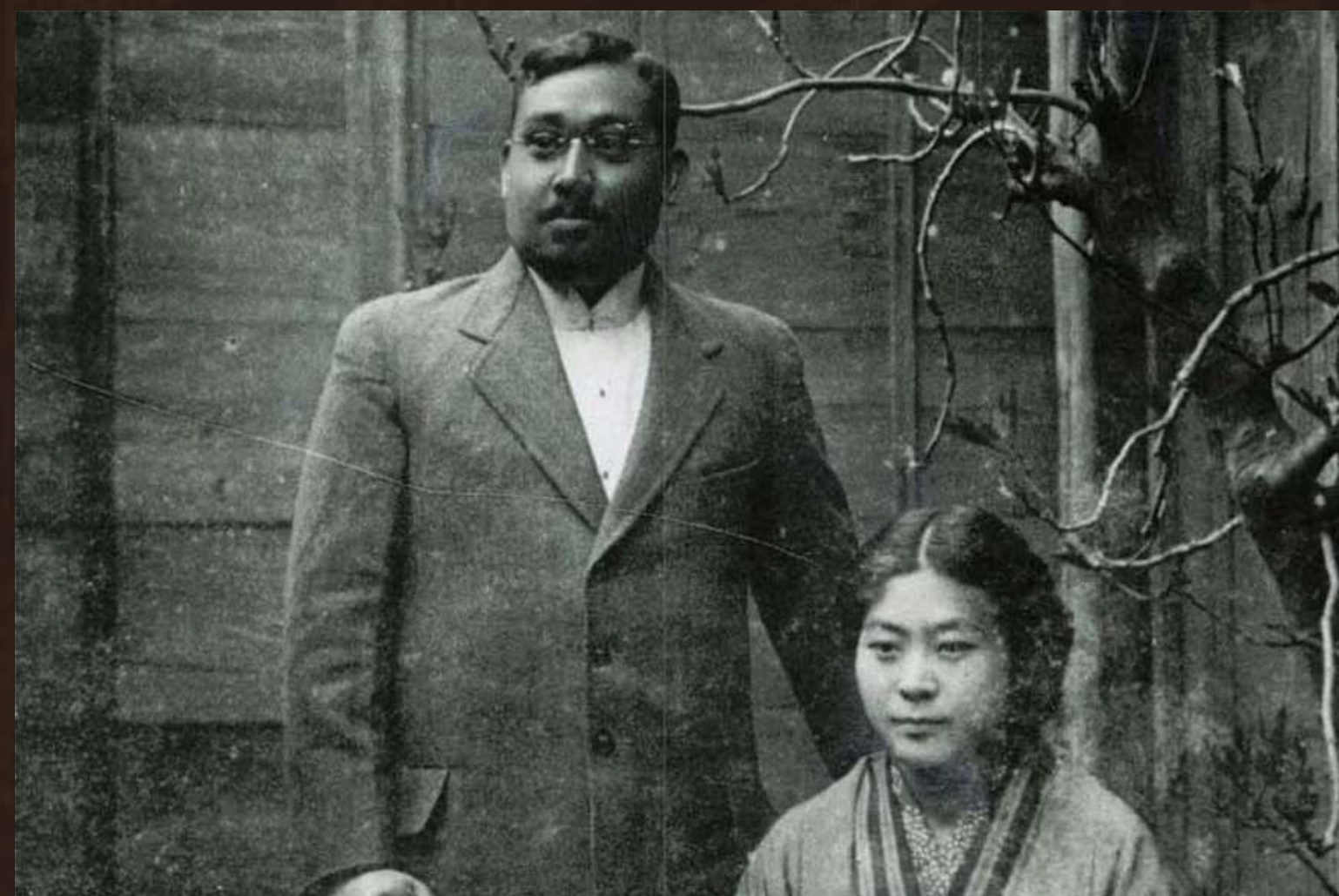
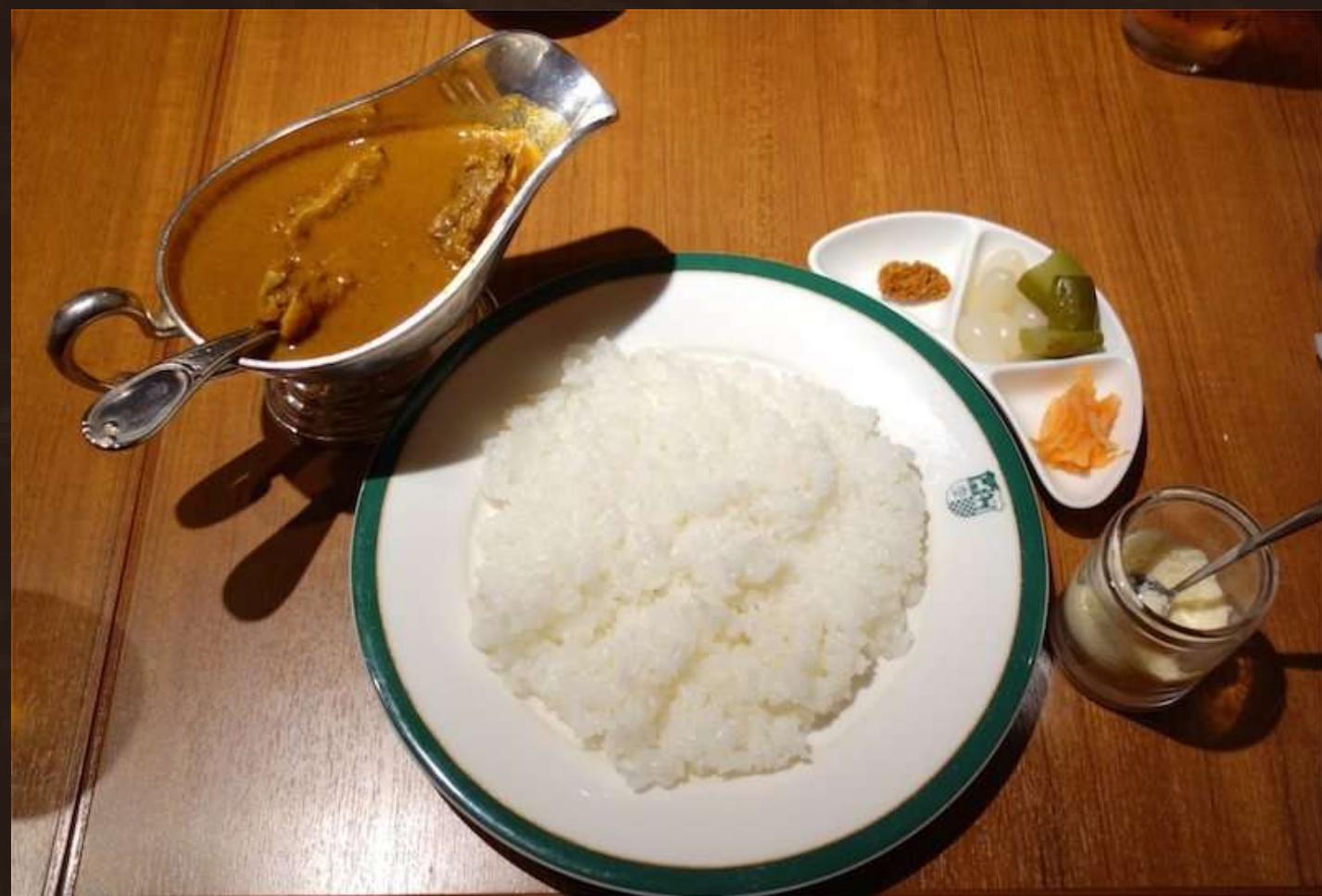
15

Because the dish X always looks sloppy brown mess, it is exempt from the *gochiso*. It is poured over rice on a Western-style plate and eaten with a spoon, and has thus become a Japanese comfort food: warm, nourishing and without need of ceremony.

In 1912, Y a revolutionary Indian nationalist, fled the British authorities in Bengal, and found refuge with the right-wing Militarist Black Dragon Society in Japan. While he helped spread anti-British propaganda amongst Indian students, he also helped popularise Indian food. Lore has it that he taught his FIL, how to make this dish the Indian way.

The restaurant started by his FIL, and named after his wife, *Nakamura* still serves the dish X. Name the dish X and Y

X-Curry, Y-Rash Behari Bose



16

For over 50 years, 73 Kg of Silver has been lying in the vaults of the district treasury of Bijnore. This silver arrived there in the following way. "In 1972, a prominent political X had come to visit the under-construction Kalagarh Dam, and been gifted the silver by locals. The precise weight of silver gifted to X was arrived at through an interesting process. The individual however, refused to accept the silver and it was left with the District administration

- a) Who does the district administration consider the current owner of this silver?
- b) What was the process that led to the precise weight of 73 Kg/ What is the significance of 73 Kg?

Gandhi Family, Indira Gandhi was weighed against the silver

Vault in Bijnor waits for Gandhis to claim treasure

HARVEER DABAS / Feb 8, 2023, 08:30 IST



17

X or visceral leishmaniasis is the second deadliest parasitic disease in the world—only malaria kills more people. X is caused by bites from female phlebotomine sandflies containing leishmania. The sand flies feed on animals and humans for blood. Months after this initial infection the disease can progress into a more severe form, called X.

The Indian medical practitioner Upendra Nath Brahmachari was nominated for the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine in 1929 for his discovery of ureastibamine as a cure for X. Name X, which caused the death of Sukumar Ray.

Kala-Azar

WHAT IS KALA-AZAR

- A slow progressing indigenous disease
- Caused by protozoan parasite of genus *Leishmania*
- In India, *Leishmania donovani* is the only parasite causing the disease
- The parasite primarily infects reticuloendothelial system

Signs & Symptoms

- ➔ Recurrent fever
- ➔ Loss of appetite
- ➔ Weakness
- ➔ Spleen enlargement
- ➔ Anaemia

Transmission

- Sandfly of genus *Phlebotomus argentipes* only known vector of kala-azar in India



- Indian kala-azar has a unique epidemiological feature of being anthroponotic
- Female sandflies pick up parasite while feeding on infected human host
- Development and multiplication in the gut of sandflies and move to mouthparts

- Parasite undergoes morphological change to become flagellate

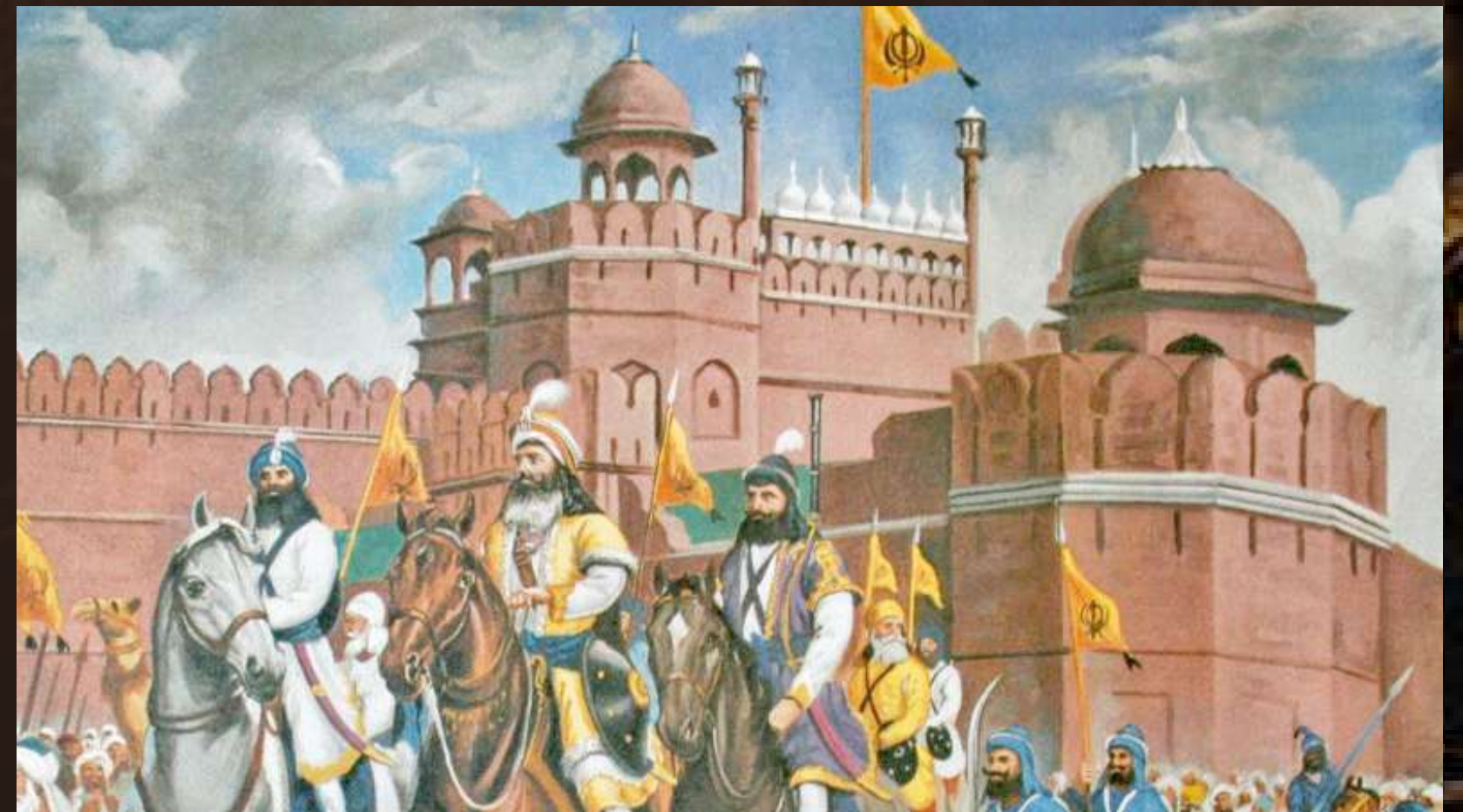
- Healthy human hosts get infection when an infective sandfly vector bites them

18

One of the origin stories for the name of the area X in Delhi is that the name is derived from the fact that a force of __ thousand Sikhs soldiers encamped here under military general Baghel Singh in 1783, prior to Battle of Delhi. The Sikh forces defeated the Mughals in the Battle of Delhi (1783) and captured Red Fort on 11 March. Give X.

The Sikh forces are then said to have done something on the ramparts of the Red Fort, which was controversially repeated a couple of years ago. What act?

Tis Hazari, Hoisted the Nishan Sahib



19

In *Age of Empires II: The Forgotten*, a real-time strategy computer game, there are Campaigns based on illustrious historical figures; one such Campaign is based on X. In the first scenario within the Campaign, the protagonist X has an option to pursue 'the Guru' to the riverside, where he has to master the art of shooting targets with a bow and arrow, *while his vision is obscured.*

Who is X?

Prithviraj Chauhan



20

On 30 January 1981, the famous stage *actor* and ad-man Alyque Padamsee wrote what he calls “the most successful ad” of his career, in terms of *the number of people who responded to it*. Appearing in the Hindustan Times on the aforementioned date, it simply read, “On 31 January, history will be re-created. Will you be there?”, calling people from all walks of life, dressed in plain white in an austere manner.

What was the ad about?

Call for extras for the Funeral scene in *Gandhi*



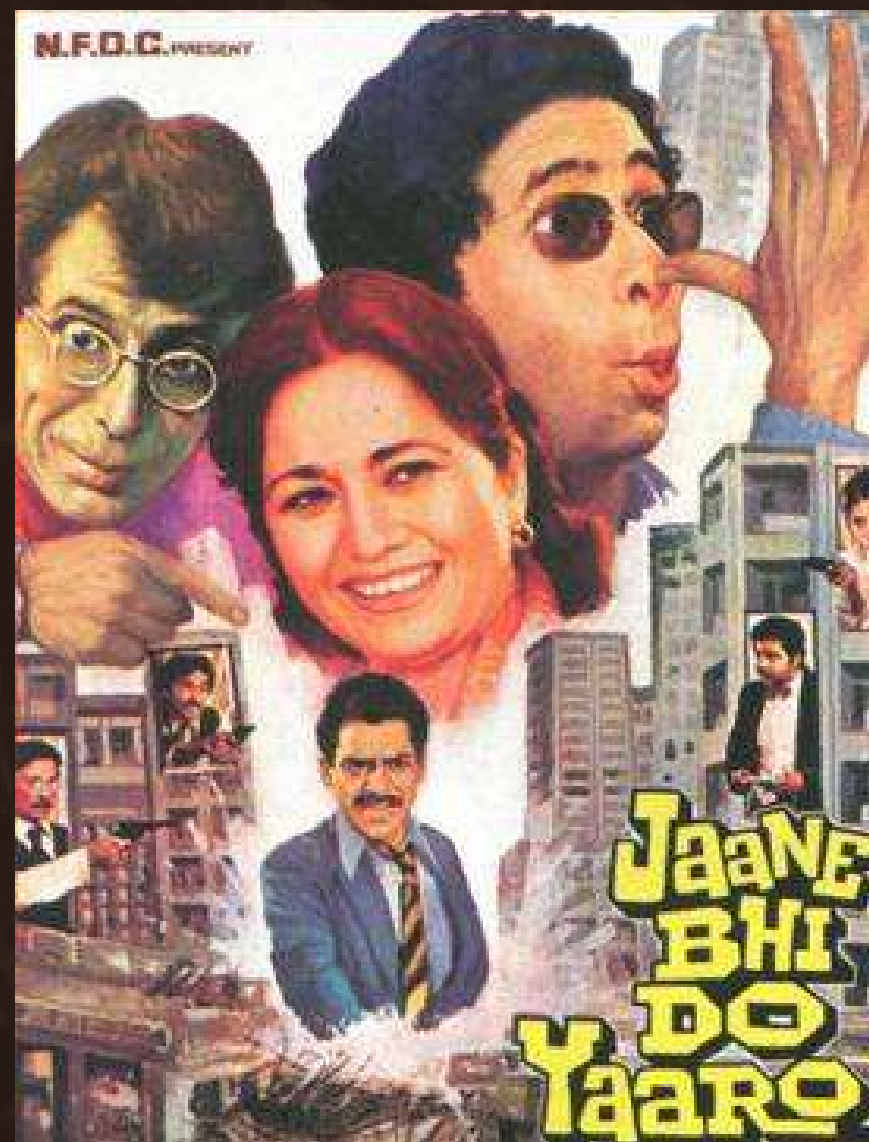
21

***Blow-up* is a 1966 mystery-drama-thriller film by Michelangelo Antonioni which follows Thomas, a fashion photographer, who believes that he has unwittingly captured a murder on camera, while photographing someone else.**

This inspired a similar plot-twist in a cult-classic Indian comedy from 1983, *X*, which even paid homage to the source by locating the ‘inspired’ incident in a park dubbed ‘Antonioni Park’. Featuring an ensemble cast, it was a satirical jibe at the corrupt nexus between bureaucrats, politicians, businessmen, and media outlets.

ID X

Jaane bhi do yaaro



Naushad (1919-2006) was a famous composer for Hindi films. Despite being born into an orthodox Muslim family which disapproved of his taste for music (as most did during that era), he studied under the tutelage of great *ustads*. He was renowned for introducing classical music, particularly the Western sort, into mainstream Bollywood. During his marriage ceremony, something really ticked off his father-in-law. Despite being a serious concern for him, it would probably have seemed quite comical to anyone else. What could have happened to elicit such a response?

His father-in-law was angry about the music being played, which had actually been composed by Naushad



23

In 1960, Nirupa Roy, the eternal '*maa*' of Bollywood, starred in X. A film much ahead of its time, it had Roy playing a character whose connection to Hindi films can be considered tenuous at best, at a time when having a woman play such a role would have seemed ludicrous. The character aside, the plot is quite typical:

Roy's character (Shanti) is separated from her mother, the Queen of Kanchanpur. She ends up in the care of an old scientist, who develops a certain 'medicine' to allow her to counter the growing evil of Bandit Mangoo, who had been terrorising the state.

What character does Roy play/ID X -

Superman



24

Legends about this song abound. Written by Kaifi Azmi, the most famous one goes like this: under the watchful eyes of SD Burman, a young Azmi wrote *mukhda* upon *mukhda* trying to find the words to fit into a tune Burman had come up with - nothing stuck. Contemplating the rumours that were rife those days, about discord between X and Y, the leading pair of the film, Azmi finally wrote something absent-mindedly while sitting next to Burman. Instantly, the latter caught hold of him, and asked him to keep writing - and the rest is history.

Despite being one of the finest films ever, in terms of its haunting cinematography and music, it was a dud at the box office, but became a classic over time.

Identify the song, an ode to the time and exquisite tumult of the human heart -

Waqt ne kiya kya haseen sitam” from *Kaagaz ke Phool* (X - Guru Dutt, Y - Waheeda Rahman)

ultra

4K

VIDEO SONG

*Waqt Ne Kiya Kya
Haseen Sitam*

25

The *Mahabharata* apart from having some comprehensive tracts detailing the feud between the Pandavas and the Kauravas, contains a few very difficult to understand *shlokas*, referred to as *Vyasa Kuta*, which have provided debating fodder for to our classicists for ages
Why did Vyasa dictate these to his amanuensis, considering the conditions they had set for each other when they commenced writing the epic?

To buy time



26

Winter Ryegrass is a type of grass that provides a high yield in fertile soils. However, the USP is this that it is a very resilient species, and can survive temperatures below 10 C

For this purpose, lawns are overseeded in colder areas of the world with this species, so that the lawns remain green when the temperatures plummet.

Starting in Mid September 2015, Winter Ryegrass was used in a first at a sports ground in India to prevent the browning of grass, and for it to remain lush.

Which sports ground?

HPCA Cricket stadium, Dharamshala



27

X is a speciality of the Almora district of the Kumaon division of Uttarakhand. While it was believed to have been invented by Lala Joga Shah, KSMS Rautela is now probably the largest producer of X. After a certain historical sporting victory of India in May 2022, one of the stars of the Indian campaign, Y who belongs to Almora was asked by the PM to bring him some X. Y presented the PM with a box of X made by KSMS Rautela a week later, Name the sweet X, and the sportsperson Y.

X-Bal Mithai, Y- Lakshya Sen



28

X Y Z is a hoppy beer style within the broader category of Y Z. X Y Z was widespread in England by 1815 and would grow in popularity, notably as an export beer shipped to India (which was under the control of the British East India Company) and elsewhere. British sailors, while sailing to India, loaded up barrels of beer with hops, because hops were a preservative. The hops hung around in the beer for so long that they lost their fruity flavour and left a bitter-tasting beer that was slightly lighter in colour than most beers. Give X Y Z/ the three-letter abbreviation

India Pale Ale/ IPA



Q29

This is a song from the 1960 historical film, *Lal Qila*, directed by Nanabhai Bhatt. It is a ghazal allegedly penned by a certain Muztar Khairabadi, forebear of Javed and Farhan Akhtar. Interestingly, till this revelation was made a few years back, it was famously attributed to someone else - someone who is widely believed to have been a misfit in their 'day job', given his poetic and broader artistic proclivities. Which historical personality, based on the latter, is singing this song?

Bahadur Shah Zafar II



Q30

Very simply put - who is the singer? This was the only song they ever sang on film, for Satyajit Ray's *Shatranj ke Khiladi*, but as is evident, they were classically trained. It is made all the more intriguing, since they are quite well known in the world of films, albeit in a very different capacity.

Amjad Khan - most famous for
his portrayal of Gabbar Singh



Q31

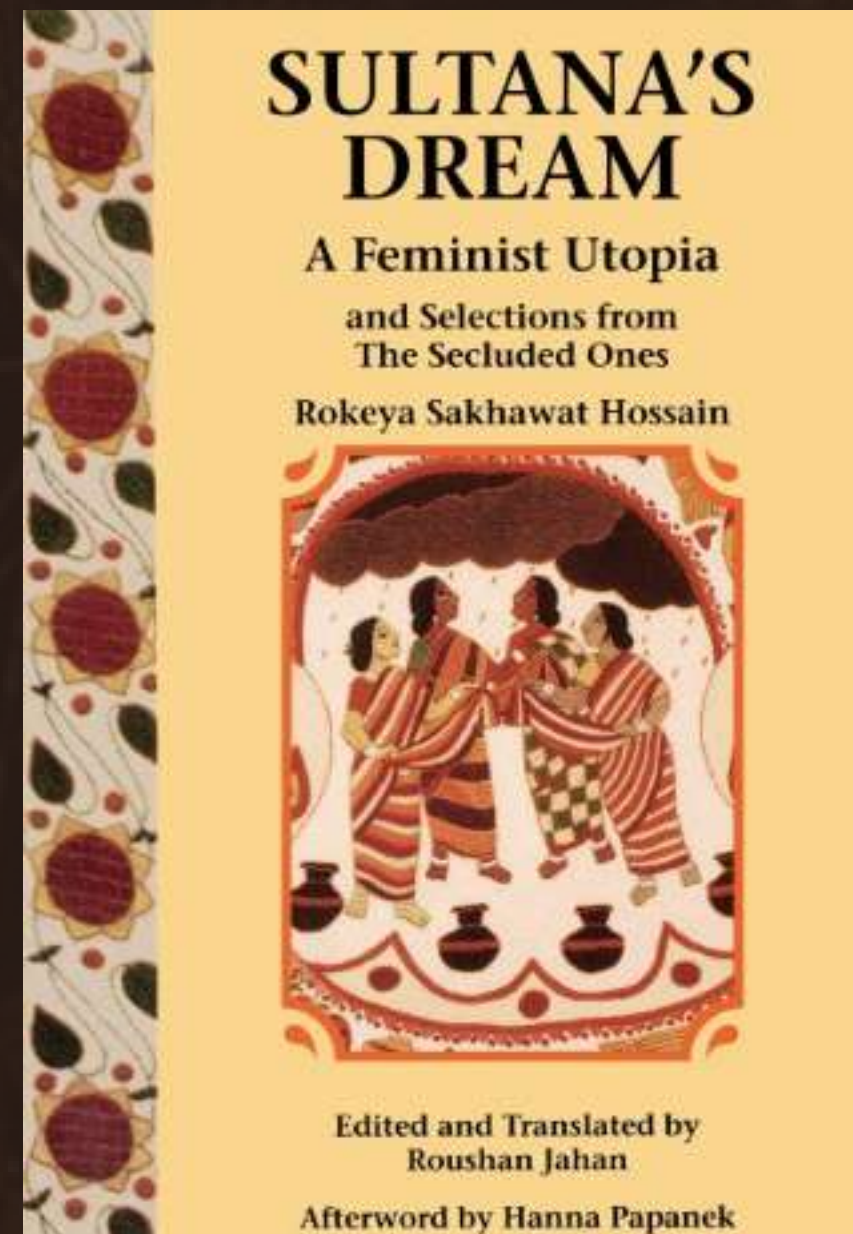
"...a feminist utopia (called Ladyland) in which women run everything and men are secluded, in a mirror-image of the traditional practice of purdah...aided by science fiction-esque "electrical" technology...have discovered how to trap solar power and control the weather. This results in "a sort of gender-based Planet of the Apes where the roles are reversed...The religion is one of love and truth."

This is a brief plot summary of X, a feminist techno-utopia, written in English by Y, a trailblazing feminist social reformer and scholar in 1905.

ID X & Y -

X - Sultana's Dream

Y - Begum Rokeya Sakhawat Hussain



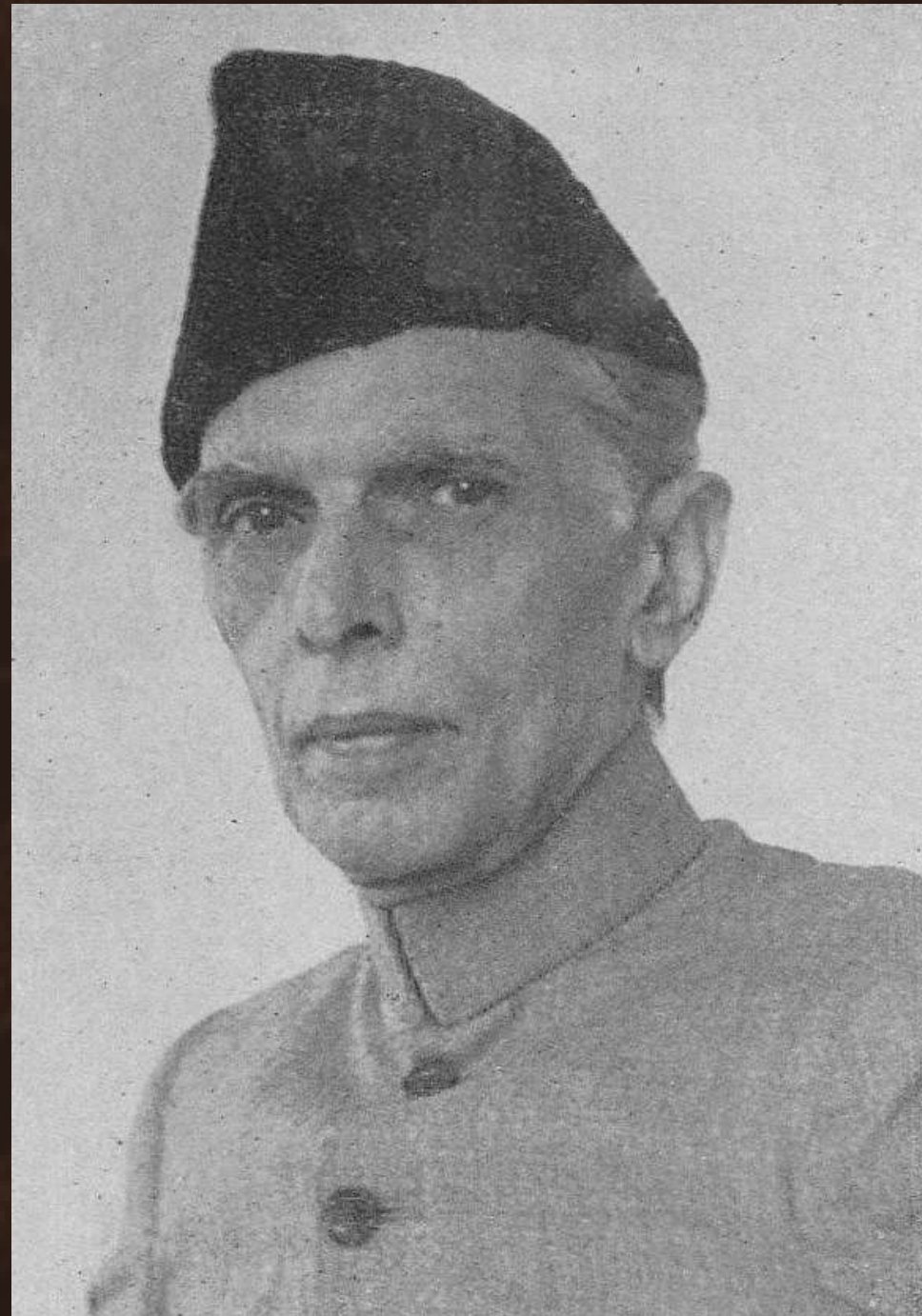
Q32

_____ : *An Ambassador of Unity: Speeches & Writings, 1912-17* is the title of a book written by Sarojini Naidu.

What is curious, is that the subject of the book is perhaps someone we may balk at honouring with that title, in today's time and age.

Who?/FITB -

Mohammad Ali Jinnah



Tie breaker

Which Indian artist's 130th Birthday was marked by Google with this Doodle in 2017?



Jamini Roy

